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*Annales de l'institut Fourier*, tome 45, nº 4 (1995), p. 1119-1121 <a href="http://www.numdam.org/item?id=AIF\_1995\_45\_4\_1119\_0">http://www.numdam.org/item?id=AIF\_1995\_45\_4\_1119\_0</a>

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Article numérisé dans le cadre du programme Numérisation de documents anciens mathématiques http://www.numdam.org/ Ann. Inst. Fourier, Grenoble **45**, 4 (1995), 1119–1121

### A SPLITTING THEOREM FOR THE KUPKA COMPONENT OF A FOLIATION OF $CP^n$ , $n \ge 6$ . ADDENDUM TO A PAPER BY O. CALVO-ANDRADE AND N. SOARES

### by Edoardo BALLICO

A codimension one singular holomorphic foliation F of  $\mathbb{CP}^n$  is given by  $\omega \in H^0(\mathbb{CP}^n, \Omega(k))$  (for some k) with  $\omega \neq 0$ ,  $\omega$  not vanishing on a hypersurface. The Kupka subset  $K(F) := \{P \in \mathbb{CP}^n : \omega(P) = 0, d\omega(P) \neq 0\}$  of the singular set  $S(F) := \{P \in \mathbb{CP}^n : \omega(P) = 0\}$  of F has remarkable properties (e.g. if not empty it is a smooth submanifold of pure codimension 2 with strong stability properties with respect to deformations of F). For much more on this topic, see [GLM] and [CS]. Let  $K \neq \emptyset$  be a Kupka component of F, *i.e.* ([CS]) a connected component of K(F). It was proved in [CL] that if K is a complete intersection, then F has a meromorphic first integral. Motivated by this result in [CS] it was conjectured and proved in some cases that every Kupka component is a complete intersection. Here we prove the following result.

THEOREM. — Let F be a codimension 1 singular holomorphic foliation of  $\mathbb{CP}^n$ ,  $n \ge 6$ , induced by  $\omega \in H^0(\mathbb{CP}^n, \Omega^1(k))$  and such that the codimension 2 component of the singular set of F consists of a single compact Kupka component K with  $\deg(K) \neq k^2/4$ . Then K is a complete intersection.

Key words: Singular foliations – Codimension 1 foliations – Kupka component – Complete intersection – Unstable vector bundle – Rank 2 vector bundle – Splitting of a vector bundle – Meromorphic first integral. Math. classification: 58F18 – 14F05 – 14M07.

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The proof of this result uses in an essential way the results proven in [CS] and [GML]. We consider this paper as an addendum to [CS] and we invite the reader to turn to [GML] and [CS] for background, motivations, several results used here, and so on. For the results used on vector bundles and codimension 2 submanifolds of  $\mathbb{CP}^n$ , see [OSS], [FL] and [CS].

Assume that F is induced by  $\omega \in H^0(\mathbb{CP}^n, \Omega^1(k))$ . Let  $N_K$  be the normal bundle of K in  $\mathbb{CP}^n$ . By [CS], Corollary 3.5,  $N_K$  is the restriction E|K to K of a rank 2 vector bundle E on  $\mathbb{CP}^n$ . K is a complete intersection if and only if E is the direct sum of two line bundles ([OSS]). If  $n \ge 6$  every line bundle on K is the restriction of a line bundle on  $\mathbb{CP}^n$  (see [FL]). Hence, by a very nice result of Faltings ([F]) if  $n \ge 6$  and  $N_K$  is the direct sum of two line bundles, K is a complete intersection. By [CS], Cor. 4.5 (2), we may assume k > 0. By [CS], Th. 3.4 (2) to prove our result we may distinguish two cases, according to the transversal type of K. First assume that the transversal type of K is given by  $\eta = pxdy - qydy$  with p, q positive relatively prime integers. Look at [GML], Th. 2.3 and its proof at page 321 (in particular the two lines before eq. (2.6)) and use that K is simply connected if  $n \ge 6$  ([FL], Cor. 6.3). The quoted result [GML], Th. 2.3, was the essential imput for the proof of [CS], Th. 3.4; then [CS], Th. 3.4, and the calculations in [CS], §4, on the applications of the Baum-Bott formulas to K gave the proof of [CS], Cor. 4.5. By [GML], page 321,  $N_K$  is in this case the direct sum of two line bundles. Hence our theorem is proved in this case. Now assume that the transversal type of K is given by  $\eta = pxdy - qydy$  with p = q = 1. By [CS], Th. 4.2, we have deg $(K) = k^2/4$ . Hence our theorem is proved even in this case.

The author was partially supported by MURST and GNSAGA of CNR (Italy).

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Manuscrit reçu le 6 mars 1995, accepté le 7 avril 1995.

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